AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace paragraph 30 with:

[0030] To control the On/Off state of each of the LED's 72-77, a plurality of bypass transistors [[93-97]] 92-97 are provided such that each LED has a corresponding bypass transistor connected in parallel therewith. When the bypass transistor is turned on, the indicator current will flow through the bypass transistor instead of the LED. As a result, the LED is turned off, i.e., it does not emit light. The On/Off state of the bypass transistor is controlled by an associated OpAmp depending on whether the operating condition monitored by that OpAmp is present. By way of example, if the pressure washer is being used and the motor 12 is running normally, the voltage drop over the Return wire is of a value indicating that the motor current is in the high range. The voltage drop is presented as one of the input voltages for the OpAmp 82. The other input voltage is derived from the reference voltage via a voltage divider. The input voltages for the OpAmp 82 cause the output voltage of the OpAmp to be at a low value that turns the bypass transistor 94 off. With the bypass transistor 94 turned off, the indication current flows through the LED 74. As a result, the LED 74 generates light to indicate that the motor is operating normally.